Deutscher Hängegleiterverband e.V.

DHV-tested Equipment

Flying Equipment Database

Manufacturers / Dealers

Flying Schools

TECHNICAL DATA DAY TESTREPORT LTF DAY TESTREPORT EN DATASHEET PARTS LIST OPERATING INSTRUCTION PRINT



TESTREPORT LTF 2014

**ZOOM X2C 85** 

Type designation ZOOM X2C 85

Type test reference no DHV GS-01-2915-24

Holder of certification Papesh GmbH

Manufacturer Papesh GmbH

**Classification** D

Winch towing Yes

Number of seats min / max 1/1

**Accelerator** Yes Trimmers No

BEHAVIOUR AT MIN WEIGHT IN BEHAVIOUR AT MAX



Test pilots



Juliette Schönsee **Expert Reiner Brunn** 

WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (87KG)



Josef Bauer

recovery

to an an analysis of	No release	No release
Inflation/take-off	(B	В
Rising behaviour	Easy rising, some pilot correction is required	Easy rising, some pilot correction is required
Special take off technique required	l No	No
Landing	A	A
Special landing technique required	l No	No
Speeds in straight flight	A	A
Trim speed more than 30 km/h	Yes	Yes
Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h		Yes
Minimum speed	Less than 25 km/h	Less than 25 km/h
Control movement	c	c
Symmetric control pressure	Approximately constant	Approximately constant
Symmetric control travel	1 40 cm to 55 cm	45 cm to 60 cm
Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight	A	A
Dive forward angle on exit	: Dive forward less than 30°	Dive forward less than 30°
Collapse occurs	; No	No
Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight	A	A
Collapse occurs	s No	No
Roll stability and damping	A	A
Oscillations	Reducing	Reducing
Stability in gentle spirals	A	A
Tendency to return to straight flight	: Spontaneous exit	Spontaneous exit
Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive	A	В
Initial response of glider (first 180°)	Immediate reduction of rate of turn	en : keine unmittelbare Reaktion
Tendency to return to straight flight		Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)
Turn angle to recover normal flight	: Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	Less than 720°, spontaneous

Symmetric front collapse	D	D
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
Change of course	Entering a turn of less than 90°	Keeping course
Cascade occurs	No	No
Folding lines used	yes	yes
Unaccelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	D	D
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
-	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 30° to 60°
Change of course	Entering a turn of less than 90°	Keeping course
Cascade occurs	No	No
Folding lines used	yes	yes
Accelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	b	D
	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
-	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
-	·	Dive forward 30° to 60°
Dive forward angle on exit	Entering a turn of less than 90°	Keeping course
Cascade occurs	•	No
Cascade occurs Folding lines used		yes
rolung lines used	y C-3	ycs
Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)	A	В
Deep stall achieved		Yes
	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit		Dive forward 30° to 60°
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	Changing course less than 45°
Cascade occurs	No	No
High angle of attack recovery	A	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Cascade occurs	·	No
Recovery from a developed full stall	A	В
Dive forward angle on exit	F	Dive forward 30° to 60°
	No collapse	No collapse
Cascade occurs (other than collapses)	•	No collapse No
Rocking back		Less than 45°
_	Most lines tight	Most lines tight
Small asymmetric collapse	D	D
Change of course until re-inflation	90° to 180°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of	Spontaneous re-inflation
	pilot action	
Total change of course	Less than 360°	Less than 360°
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneoure inflation)
Twist occurs	No	No
Cascade occurs	No	No
Folding lines used	yes	yes
Large asymmetric collapse	D	D
3 7	iT	±
Change of course until re-inflation	90° to 180°	90° to 180°
Change of course until re-inflation Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180°	±
Change of course until re-inflation Maximum dive forward or roll angle Re-inflation behaviour	90° to 180° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	90° to 180° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Spontaneous re-inflation
Change of course until re-inflation Maximum dive forward or roll angle Re-inflation behaviour Total change of course	90° to 180° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action Less than 360°	90° to 180° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°
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re inflation)

Spontaneous re-inflation

Twist occurs No Cascade occurs No Nο Folding lines used ves ves

Large asymmetric collapse accelerated D D Change of course until re-inflation 90° to 180° 90° to 180°

Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Dive or roll angle 45° to 60°

Re-inflation behaviour Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action

Total change of course Less than 360° Less than 360°

Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed No (or only a small number of cells with a spontaneous re inflation)

collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)

Twist occurs No Cascade occurs No No Folding lines used ves ves

Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse

Able to keep course Yes 180° turn away from the collapsed side Yes possible in 10 s

Amount of control range between turn and More than 50 % of the symmetric control More than 50 % of the symmetric stall or spin travel

Trim speed spin tendency A Spin occurs No

Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs No

Recovery from a developed spin В

Spin rotation angle after release Stops spinning in 90° to 180° Stops spinning in less than 90° Cascade occurs No.

Not carried out because the manoeuvre is excluded in the user's manual

В Entry procedure Standard technique Standard technique

> Behaviour during big ears Stable flight Stable flight Recovery Recovery through pilot action in less than Recovery through pilot action in less a further 3 s than a further 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30° Dive forward 0° to 30°

Big ears in accelerated flight

Entry procedure Standard technique Standard technique Behaviour during big ears Stable flight Stable flight

**Recovery** Recovery through pilot action in less than Recovery through pilot action in less a further 3 s than a further 3 s

Dive forward 0° to 30° Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Behaviour immediately after releasing the Stable flight Stable flight

accelerator while maintaining big ears

Alternative means of directional control A

180° turn achievable in 20 s Yes Yes Stall or spin occurs No Nο

Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual

No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual